

Regulating housing and living supports in Australia

Including the regulation of providers and workers

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Regulatory Reform Work



Overview

The Australian Government are progressing changes to regulation to improve the quality and safety of support being delivered to NDIS participants

The reforms aim to respond to emerging and longstanding quality, safety and integrity issues and ensure participants receive progressively higher standards of NDIS supports and services.

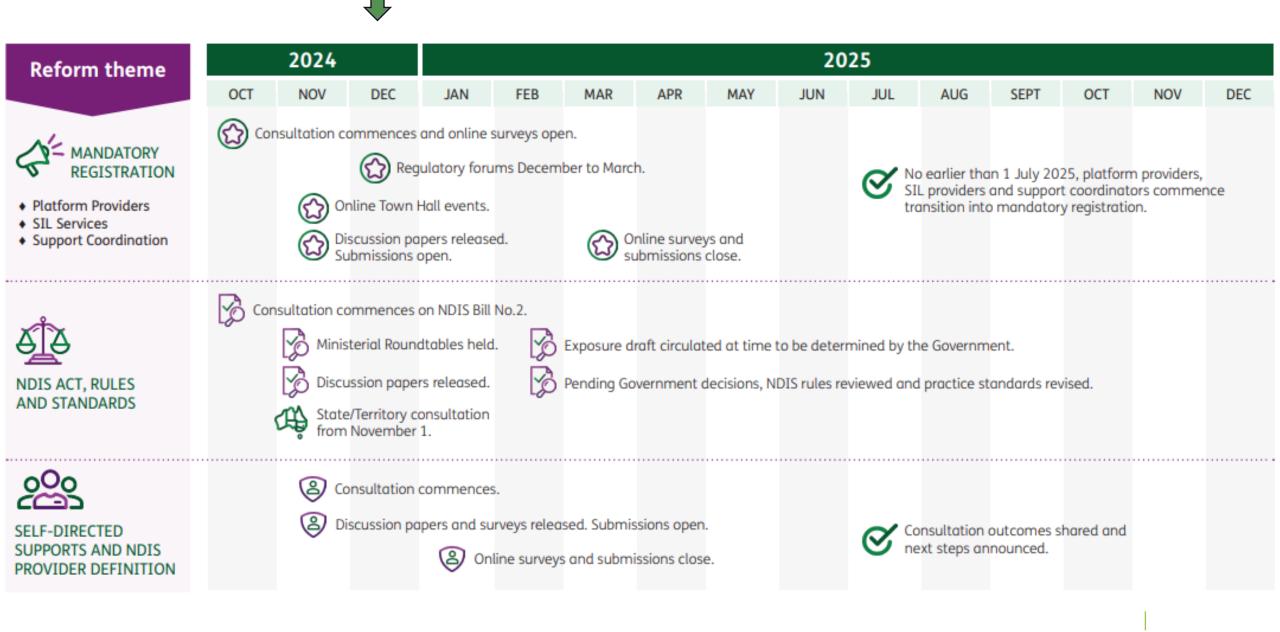
Reform Hub:

https://www.ndiscommission.gov.au/about-us/ndiscommission-reform-hub





- We will centre participant voices and prioritise participant groups most affected by the regulatory changes.
- Our language about the reform program will be accessible, clear and straight forward.
- We will provide a variety of consultation options (in person, virtual and online surveys) to ensure participation is inclusive.
- We will engage with State and Territory Governments and Regulators in all jurisdictions who have obligations relating to people with disability by hosting regulatory roundtables.





Overview

The United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD) is an international treaty that sets the rights of the persons with disability as well as the obligations on parties to the Convention to promote, protect, and ensure those rights.

Throughout 2023, the NDIS Commission worked with the Australian Human Rights Commission (AHRC) to consider how we can further enhance our human rights approach as a regulator. The AHRC noted that the NDIS Act was legislatively drafted with the CRPD in mind.

The NDIS Commission has begun strengthening its focus on protecting the rights of NDIS participants through a new human rights program of work. Part of the work to embed a right-based approach includes the development of new Supported Independent Living (SIL) Practice Standards, and the development of resources and guidance to support staff consider human rights in their day-to-day work.

Human Rights Program of Work

NDIS Commission Human Rights in Action



Three duties, and a series of action statements to outline these principles in action.

Alignment between the principles and action statements across PANEL, FREDA and the UN Convention on the Rights of People with Disability have been made.



NDIS Commission Human Rights Action Statements



Lead the	1. We develop and implement rigorous quality assurance mechanisms, in delivering our regulatory functions to ensure that providers meet their obligations to participants to reach their full potential and to protect the rights and well-being of people with disabilities.
way	2. We develop and promote resources, training, and support to enhance participant's understanding of rights, and opportunities to actively participate in decision-making processes.
Build	3. We involve, collaborate and engage with people with disability and their supports in consultations, forums, and discussions to inform policies, processes, quality requirements and support the continuous improvement of the NDIS.
Trust	4. We foster innovation, quality and best practice in the provision of supports by collaborating with people with disability, researchers, experts, and relevant stakeholders to identify and disseminate innovative approaches.
Кеер	5. We ensure that all communications and information is accessible and provided in formats appropriate to the needs and preferences of individuals with disabilities.
Learning	 We collect, hold, use and/or disclose personal information, in line with the Australian Privacy Principles of the Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) (Privacy Act) and the provisions of the National Disability Insurance Scheme Act, 2013 (Cth).
Bring	7. We establish fair and transparent processes for people with disability to raise concerns and provide feedback about their experiences in exercising choice and control within the NDIS.
Insight	8. We foster collaborations with community organisations, disability advocacy groups, and establish partnerships with mainstream agencies to share information, and promote opportunities for inclusion and enhance the coordination of supports outside of the NDIS.
Stay	9. We implement monitoring and evaluation processes to assess the effectiveness of supports, this includes collecting data and using feedback from people with disability and providers to inform ongoing improvements and enhance supports.
Connected	10. We encourage and promote research initiatives that explore effective strategies for positive personal and social development of people with disability, including the development of early intervention programs for children and young people.



Regulation for in-home and housing supports

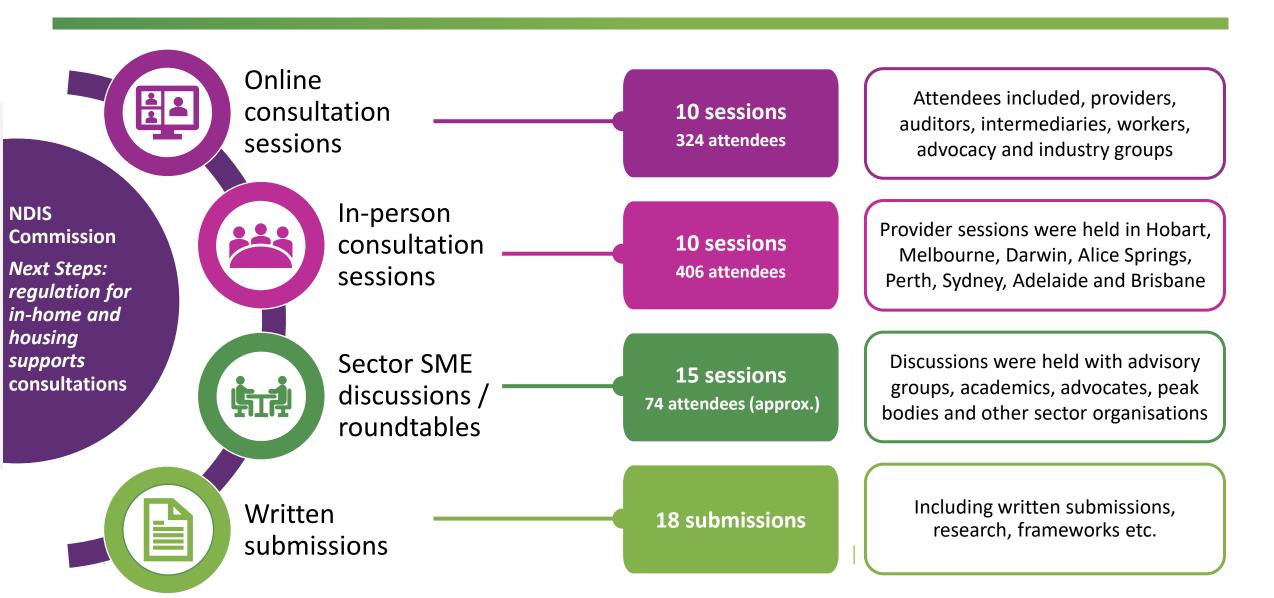
Overview

Consultations were held to engage with NDIS providers about their views, ideas and concerns around three main topics related to supported accommodation:

- NDIS Practice Standards Review
- Development of new Supported Independent Living (SIL) Practice Standards
- Options for the separation of Supported Independent Living (SIL) and Supported Disability Accommodation (SDA)

Consultation Approach





Existing Practice Standards



The NDIS market is significantly different to the one operating at the time of the NDIS Commission's establishment.

What we have heard

- Providers and workers want guidance and examples of higher quality and safe supports.
- Outcomes are important in quality supports and services.
- People with disability want person-centred, rightsfocused supports.

What we are prosing

- Continued participant rights focus and use of quality indicators.
- Shift from 'service outcomes' to 'participant outcomes'.
- Detailed practice guidance for higher risk supports like in-home supports



In 2021, the NDIS Commission conducted an Own Motion Inquiry into Aspects of Supported Accommodation.

- Since then, the NDIS Commission consulted 120 participants and their families to inform development of the new NDIS Practice Standards.
- The consultation talked about their community, their goals and interests, living life their way, their safety, home, and communicating with confidence.
- Participants identified six key factors that are central to a good life.



Separation of SIL and SDA



The NDIS review and DRC have recommended a separation between SIL and SDA supports to strengthen quality outcomes and consumer choice for participants.

We presented three options for separation:

Option 1	Option 2	Option 3		
Registration Level Change	Participant Level Change	Conflict of Interest Change		
Changes to rules so providers cannot register to provide both housing and living supports.	Changes to the rules so providers cannot provide both housing and living support to the same participant.	Changes to strengthen conflict of interest arrangements when providers provide both housing and living support to the same participant.		

Early Insights



Early Insights of what we have heard so far include:

- Separation will improve choice and control for participants.
- Strong relationships between SIL and SDA providers is important.
- Multiple participants engaging different SIL providers needs consideration of the overall sense of community in the home.





- Exemptions may be needed for participants with complex needs, in rural and remote areas, or in cases involving community investment SDA.
- There can be financial impacts on housing and supports if one participant leaves the household.
- Tenancy agreements and tenancy rights for participants need to be strengthened.

Our consultation sessions and engagements on Practice Standards and the separation of SIL/SDA concluded on 30 October 2024. We are analysing all data from our consultations and will release a Key Insights report in late 2024. Housing and Living Supports (HLS) Team



Overview

Established April 2024 to engage with the Specialist Disability Accommodation (SDA) and Supported Independent Living (SIL) sector. Key focus areas:

- Conflict of interest management
- Participant choice and control
- Strengthen regulation within the SDA space
- Explore sector implications for legal and practical separation of SDA and SIL providers by the NDIS Review
- Gain insights into participants receiving 24/7 SIL supports outside of SDA



Participants engaged Provider meet		Provider meetings		Dwelling visits		Provider doo reviewed	cumentation
365		126		253		133	
			140 120		Pro	viders engaged	
Considerations	5		100				
Provider type	Registration categories		80				
eography	Engage across region remote areas	onal, metro and	60 40				
Provider size	Sample proportion profile	ately to sector	20 0	Tranche (1-35 dwellings)		l (regional small - providers)	Large Provider (80 dwellings)



	Barriers
Minimum standards	Providers are not required to demonstrate the practical ways they support choice and control or meaningful management of conflict of interest beyond documentation.
Head lease agreements	Provides access to accommodation for participants without regulatory oversight of the quality and suitability of the accommodation.
Practical and legal separation	Engagements show benefits and issues for and against this recommendation. Considerations regarding nuances of provider models, participant preferences and sector demographics is needed.
Resources	The sector has expressed a need for greater access to resources on how to navigate complexities around choice and control and funding arrangements, and collaborate with providers to achieve the best outcomes for participants
State governments	Complexities relating to inter government regulation for a small number of properties owned and managed by state governments due to legacy arrangements.